



MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1901.

GREAT as the frauds in the conquered province of Cuba—for that is as much of one, as the Philippine Islands—may have been, the frauds committed by government officials in the latter, it has been discovered, greatly exceed them in numbers and in amount. But such has always been the case with the government of conquered provinces, in all periods of the world, and conspicuously so in those of the Roman, and in India, in the British empire. But the Roman satraps and Lord Olive and Warren Hastings would have been ashamed of such mean and low robberies as those committed by American officers in Cuba and Luzon.

GENERAL FITZGUGH LEE made a speech at Omaha last Saturday night, in which, alluding to the betrayal of General Aguinaldo by some of his bribed soldiers, he said, it was "but another striking instance of the daring bravery of the American soldiers." Well, the capture referred to may be an instance of bravery, but, if so, most right-thinking Americans, having proper regard for the good name of their country, hope there may never be another one like it.

As a sample of the profits made by army contractors during the Spanish war, it may be stated that a vessel for which the government paid \$150,000 during that war, and which is in better condition now than it was then, has been offered for sale by the Navy Department for \$30,000, but there are no bidders. Rasca always profits during wars. Possibly that is the reason why the republican administration is now promenading among the weaker nations, with a chip on its shoulder.

NOW THAT ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois has declared in favor of the republican candidate for Mayor of Chicago, and against the democratic nominee for that office, it is observed that the republican newspapers of the North do not denounce and abuse him for being an anarchist, as they used to do when he supported the democratic ticket. But the opinions of republican politicians are as amenable to their interests as the aspen leaves are to the passing breeze.

MANY INDIVIDUAL soldiers have been betrayed and captured before, and their betrayers have been paid for their treachery—in money; but never have their captors been recompensed with a high commission in an army that at least professes to be conducted according to the rules of honorable warfare. The rich people of this country have plenty of money, to be sure, but an alleged "world power" requires something else than mere money to sustain its prestige.

A GREAT change has come over the spirit of General Fitzgugh Lee's dreams in respect of the ability of the Cubans to govern themselves since he was U. S. Consul at Havana. Then he thought they were fully able to do so; but now he says, if they be, they should be allowed their liberty and independence. But a few years make as noticeable changes in men's minds as they do in their personal appearance. And besides, circumstances always alter cases.

A NORTHERN newspaper suggests Roosevelt and Funston as the names that ought to be on the next national republican ticket. Viewed in the light on which the country is now cavorting in its jingo way, no other ticket would be more appropriate. The heroes of San Juan and the nameless river in Luzon would doubtless sweep everything before them, and the rough riders and jayhawkers would go tearing through the world, defying the whole human race.

OF ALL GUSHERS those of Tennessee are the most conspicuous. A bill has been introduced in the legislature of that State providing pensions for all old soldiers, whether Confederate or Federal. And yet the President vetoed the bill Senator Bate of Tennessee had passed, to pay Confederate soldiers for the horses taken from them, contrary to the terms of Appomattox.

IF THE late Henry George's idea of raising all revenue by taxes, on unimproved land, was adopted in Virginia, the Northern millionaires would soon buy all the land at nominal rates for deer parks and nearly all Virginia people be in the poor's houses. Wouldn't it be better for every body if an easily paid tax were imposed upon the incomes of the rich?

VICE PRESIDENT Roosevelt, one of the several alleged heroes of San Juan, says the man who believes that there is any dividing race line in America is an enemy to the development of the people of the country. Bad as Mr. McKinley is, all who have any interest in the welfare of the country should pray that his life may be spared until the expiration of his term of office.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, April 1.

The reason for J. Pierpont Morgan's recent visit to Washington, about which there has been so much speculation, has been discovered. It was to secure an agreement with the administration whereby the Panama canal may eventually become United States property. He has been told that if his American syndicate can secure absolute control of this canal, eliminating the French company entirely, the administration will take under consideration a proposal to purchase that property. The administration is determined not to deal with the Frenchmen or other foreign owners of the canal, but if it should pass into the exclusive ownership of Americans it would consider the Panama and Nicaragua routes on an equal basis and select that one which seems best for the country. Mr. Morgan, having received these assurances, proposes to go and examine the Panama Canal for himself to ascertain its present condition and the amount of work done. He will be accompanied by J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railroad and a large party of capitalists. The party will sail on the yacht Wacouata, which belongs to Mr. Hill and which is now lying in the Potomac off this city. While Mr. Hill was reported to be sailing around Chesapeake Bay with his family for recreation, he and his boat were really here where preparations were being made for this voyage. It is not known definitely whether Mr. Morgan and the rest of his party will come to Washington to join the yacht or whether, after taking on its stores, the boat will meet them at Old Point. The party is expected to start this week. The information outlined above was obtained from one of the capitalists interested in the deal.

James G. Blaine, Jr., the son of the late Secretary of State and presidential candidate, has become a ladies' tailor. At Washington society is in a flutter of excitement today over the receipt of this news. James G. Blaine, Jr., has within the last few days opened a shop in New York city. He has taken a partner and the firm name is "Sheehan & Blaine, Ladies' Tailors." Brilliant gilt letters carrying this inscription shine from the windows of the first floor of a house immediately opposite the Waldorf-Astoria. It is believed that Miss Martha Hichborn, daughter of Admiral Hichborn, who is reported to have recently engaged herself to Blaine, is responsible for this effort of the young society leader to earn a living. Senator Proctor, of Vermont, who has just returned from a trip to Cuba, called at the White House this morning. He said: "I have been talking with the President about a naval cadetship," and would not commit himself about his situation in Cuba. It is understood he assured the President that the Cubans will accept the provisions of the Platt amendment. Whether they will continue to live up to the agreement remains to be seen. "I was told by a prominent Cuban," said Senator Stewart, who is in the President's office during Senator Proctor's visit, "that as soon as they get the Americans out of the island trouble will begin. This Cuban, as well as the majority of progressive men down there, hope that the American army will remain there." "There are a few," Mr. Proctor admitted, "who are vigorously opposing this government's policy, one of the most radical being a negro named Gomez, from Santiago, who is not a relative of Gen. Maximiliano Gomez." The Senator paid a visit to Gen. Gomez who he thinks is most friendly to this country. The general has quite a large following. As he has taken no part in this discussion of the Platt amendments, his silence, is interpreted as acquiescence.

The next scramble among the republican faithfuls will be for the pension commission. Henry Clay Evans of Tennessee, who now holds the place, is said to be slated for something better as a reward for withstanding the onslaughts of the enemies he has made since taking the job four years ago. Evans will get a diplomatic berth abroad, it is thought. Some of the initiated believe he is slated to succeed Minister Bunk at Japan. The place at the Mikado's court pays twelve thousand a year. The recall of Minister Loomis from Venezuela for placing the government in an unpleasant predicament over the asphalt controversy opens up another place that the political prophets say might fit Mr. Evans's ambitions. The Venezuelan portfolio pays \$10,000, but as the American representative there is not expected to spend so much on entertainments and social obligations, and is nearer home, it is looked upon as a more desirable place than the Japanese appointment.

Musicians Calvin P. Titus, of the 14th Infantry, who distinguishes himself by being the first of Pekin last summer, was today appointed by the President to be a cadet at large at West Point.

Minister Wu, the Chinese representative, was at the State Department this morning and informed Secretary Hay that he had received information that his government had issued instructions to the Chinese plenipotentiaries not to sign the Manchurian agreement with Russia. Similar advice was received today by the State Department today from Special Commissioner Rockhill. On the other hand, it is learned that Russia is becoming more insistent, even peremptory, in its demands that China should sign the agreement.

It is not believed that Minister Loomis will go back to Venezuela. His period of usefulness down there has apparently terminated through the hostile attitude of the Venezuelan government authorities towards him. He will be given "something equally as good" in order to show that the United States endorses his work in Caracas and some other man will be appointed to succeed him as Minister to Venezuela.

The United States steamer Scorpion has been placed at the disposal of Mr. Loomis. It is probably now at La Guayra and it will convey Mr. Loomis to San Juan, where he will take a steamer for this country. At the State department it is admitted that the principle reason for Mr. Loomis's recall is the insulting treatment to which he has been subjected by the newspapers of Venezuela, apparently with the connivance and connivance of the government. Some of the official papers have printed cartoons representing Mr. Loomis as a two faced man, which in South American countries is considered about the limit in insults. Other pictures have depicted him as smiling on President Castro, at the same time holding a knife behind his back. The other cartoons were accompanied by outrageous attacks on Mr. Loomis in both his official and personal character, and because of the apparent encouragement given the newspapers by the government the American minister's position has become very unpleasant.

It is to consider what should be done under these circumstances that Loomis has been called home. In some official quarters it is said that President Castro is the real cause of the troubles. His recent elevation to the presidency, as the result of a revolution, has made him defiant.

That quantities of commissary stores have been lost or stolen in Manila is admitted by the War Department. It is said that this is a condition common in times of war and has prevailed within a moderate limit ever since the beginning of the Spanish war.

Maryland democrats here today say they have often been beholden to Mr. Gorman for benefits to themselves, their party and their State, but never more so than for his recent successful effort to relieve the latter permanently of negro, scoundrel and tough rule, and that if ever a man deserved well of his State, he certainly does, and if he shall not receive his reward, Maryland will be the most ungrateful of all the American communities.

The administration has now taken the part of the Americans who have possessed themselves of an asphalt lake in Venezuela, and has not only sent a warship there, but withdrawn its minister to that country, and the Venezuelan minister will soon leave this city, so that amicable relations at least will be severed with the latter, if hostilities with it be not commenced. But Mr. McKinley thinks this is a "world power" now, and the small American republics must comply at once with all its wishes.

A prominent man of this city, talking about the famous Memorial Bridge, said its most effective opponents were the real estate men here, some of whom wanted to prevent possible buyers from crossing the river, and others were so anxious to sell property near Arlington that they created the impression that the whole affair was a real estate scheme. He also said he was surprised to find out last winter that one of the rich Alexandrians were in favor of the retrocession of that city and county to the District of Columbia, and he said, even proposed to subscribe to a fund to promote that result, and seemed to have lost all regard for the people of the place in which they live.

A rural free delivery. All the employees in those services were at first apportioned among the members of Congress, though the public was informed that they would be given to successful competitors. Thousands of young people, therefore, set to work to study to prepare themselves, and had their parents and elder brothers and sisters sitting up late at night teaching them; but all for nothing, as there were no places left after the Congressmen's quotas had been supplied.

A member of the Virginia legislature here today, talking about political affairs in his State, said some of the local leaders, or would-be leaders, of the party there think they are better than their party, and have never gotten over the defeat they sustained by the re-election of Senator Marshall.

The President today appointed Lieutenant William C. Powell, to be Captain by brevet, in the Marine Corps for distinguished conduct in the presence of the enemy at Tientsin, China.

There are renewed rumors that Lord Salisbury, who has been prostrated by the grip, will resign as British Premier.

Peter Karpovitch, the student who recently shot and killed Mr. Bogolyeff, Minister of Public Instruction, has been sentenced to twenty years at hard labor.

Daniel Willard has been appointed general manager of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, the vacancy being caused by the resignation of Frederick D. Underwood. Mr. Willard has been assistant general manager.

Mr. Benjamin Franklin Newcomer, president of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, died at his home, in Baltimore, Saturday afternoon, from an apoplectic stroke received Friday night while playing cards with members of his family.

An investigation is revealing big frauds in the Commissary Department at Manila. Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, quartermaster of the department of southern Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor and others, have been arrested.

An Austrian newspaper says that England, Germany and Japan have presented identical notes to Russia and China warning them that the signing of the Manchurian agreement will involve the partition of China. France has intimated that she would regard the conclusion of the treaty as an unfriendly act.

A diary of Major Andre, after lying hidden for over a hundred years, has been found in London by Lord Grey among a lot of old family papers. It ceases too early to throw new light upon the motives which prompted the tragic ending of Andre's career, but it gives interesting glimpses of his personality.

Cardinal Gibbons has decided to leave for his visit to the Pope during the second week of May. It has been decided that the conferring of the red hat on Archbishop Martinelli shall take place on Sunday, May 5. It will be done in the Cathedral in Baltimore and the ceremony attending it will be grand and impressive.

A fire at Manila yesterday night, the first of the month, destroyed the residence of the late Lieutenant Commander J. M. Roper. The crew fought the fire for three hours. At one time four officers and thirty-three men were rendered unconscious by asphyxiation. Commander Roper died from trying to rescue some of the men who were prostrated.

Five thousand dollars in bills sent from the Bank of Columbia, of Columbia, S. C., to the National Bank of Commerce in New York by the Southern Express Company was stolen somewhere on the way. The package supposed to contain the money was delivered to the Bank of Commerce on Saturday morning. It contained nothing but brown paper cut to the size of bills.

A \$30,000,000 syndicate deal is pending in San Francisco, and with its successful consummation the entire fishing and packing industry on the Pacific Coast will be controlled by one big corporation. The principal shareholders in the syndicate should the deal be closed, include the well-known New York financiers, J. Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont, W. Seligman, J. Seligman and the presidents of several large banking houses in New York city.

The telegraph recall of Frank Loomis, U. S. minister to Venezuela, ostensibly for the purpose of a personal consultation of the diplomatic differences between the two nations, is in effect a notice to that country that the President is ready to sever diplomatic relations. The Venezuelan minister has announced that he has been granted a leave-of-absence, which means that he, too, is ready to take his departure.

When two countries withdraw their respective ministers it is a sign that the diplomatic relations are strained to the very utmost, but it does not mean war.

Aguinaldo, though closely guarded, is courted by the American officers. He speaks of the skill and strategy of Gen. Funston in effecting his capture. He confers with his generals as freely than they did with their slaves. "Socially as well as industrially the abolition of slavery was highly beneficial in its results to the masses," "Richmond," he says, "is the city most likely to become in time the banking centre and commercial headquarters of this country and therefore of the world."

livered to the Bank of Commerce on Saturday morning. It contained nothing but brown paper cut to the size of bills.

A \$30,000,000 syndicate deal is pending in San Francisco, and with its successful consummation the entire fishing and packing industry on the Pacific Coast will be controlled by one big corporation. The principal shareholders in the syndicate should the deal be closed, include the well-known New York financiers, J. Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont, W. Seligman, J. Seligman and the presidents of several large banking houses in New York city.

The telegraph recall of Frank Loomis, U. S. minister to Venezuela, ostensibly for the purpose of a personal consultation of the diplomatic differences between the two nations, is in effect a notice to that country that the President is ready to sever diplomatic relations. The Venezuelan minister has announced that he has been granted a leave-of-absence, which means that he, too, is ready to take his departure.

When two countries withdraw their respective ministers it is a sign that the diplomatic relations are strained to the very utmost, but it does not mean war.

Aguinaldo, though closely guarded, is courted by the American officers. He speaks of the skill and strategy of Gen. Funston in effecting his capture. He confers with his generals as freely than they did with their slaves. "Socially as well as industrially the abolition of slavery was highly beneficial in its results to the masses," "Richmond," he says, "is the city most likely to become in time the banking centre and commercial headquarters of this country and therefore of the world."

Col. John S. Mosby, in a magazine article, says the South will become the dominant section, richer and more powerful than the North, and the negro's status is bound to improve. He says that without the war of secession the South could never have hoped to attain the future that it is now certain.

The negroes are producing more as freemen than they did as slaves. "Socially as well as industrially the abolition of slavery was highly beneficial in its results to the masses," "Richmond," he says, "is the city most likely to become in time the banking centre and commercial headquarters of this country and therefore of the world."

In Washington on Saturday President O'neill, of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, signed the contract to build the cruiser Charleston.

Major Robert S. Archer, superintendent of the Tredegar Works in Richmond, died Saturday night. He was known all over the South among the iron trade.

Melburne, the large and handsome family residence of the late Mr. Eliza Marshall, near Haymarket, was destroyed by fire Friday night between 8 and 9 o'clock. The fire was caused by an imperfect fuse.

It is possible that the burning of the Jefferson in Richmond may have some effect upon the place of the meeting of the State democratic convention. Norfolk has a much finer hotel than Richmond and that city, it is said, wants the convention. Norfolk may possibly get it.

Abner Lloyd and Miss Annie Hummer, of Gaylord, eloped to Winchester on Saturday, where they took the train for Hagerstown, Md., and were married. The groom is an elderly widower, with eight children, and the bride is a sixteen-year-old girl, a daughter of Alex. Hummer, a well-known farmer.

The Commonwealth Clubhouse, located at the corner of Franklin and Monroe streets, Richmond, was damaged by fire and water yesterday afternoon. The fire caught between the ceiling and the kitchen range. The damage amounted to several hundred dollars.

The Rev. John Jasper, the aged negro Baptist preacher who held the theory which he expressed as "The sun do move," died in Richmond on Saturday at the age of eighty-nine. He had for many years been pastor of the Sixth Mount Zion Church, and was held in high esteem by the people of his race. He once made a tour of the North, delivering his "sun do move" lecture or sermon.

Chairman Martin A. Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, gave out in Washington on Saturday the information that the commission has already ordered the institution of a suit against the Southern Railway Company to enforce its order in the case of the city of Danville against that company. The commission will be the prosecutor and proceeding will begin in the United States Court for the Western District of Virginia.

The Jefferson Hotel building in Richmond is not a total loss by any means. Architects and contractors say it can be rebuilt for practically the amount of the insurance which is about \$500,000. This estimate, however, does not include the valuable furniture that was either totally destroyed or seriously damaged. Sculptor Valentine says his statue of Jefferson can be restored. The board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce met on Saturday to talk over the great calamity that has befallen the city. Resolutions were adopted to show that it is the sense of the business community that the hotel ought to be rebuilt as quickly as possible.

One of my milliners was taking Charles's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. It is a Great Cough Remedy. It cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Measles Cough with fall, Best for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Pneumonia, Consumption and Lung Affection. Gives quick, sure results. Price 25c. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

A lingering cough following grippe calls for One Minute Cough Cure. For all throat and lung troubles this is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Prevents consumption.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1653 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Charles's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. It is a Great Cough Remedy. It cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Measles Cough with fall, Best for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Pneumonia, Consumption and Lung Affection. Gives quick, sure results. Price 25c. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

A lingering cough following grippe calls for One Minute Cough Cure. For all throat and lung troubles this is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Prevents consumption.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Foreign News.

London, April 1.—Chih Chen Lo Feng Luh, Chinese minister to England, has stated that he does not know that China has refused to sign the Russo-Chinese convention relating to Manchuria.

Glasgow, April 1.—The steamer Arranmore collided on Saturday with a Dutch trawler. The trawler sank and seven persons on board were drowned.

Glasgow, April 1.—The smallpox epidemic in this city is diminishing. Of the cases admitted to the hospital, the large majority have recovered. Yesterday ten new cases were admitted, forty-nine were discharged cured, and two died.

Nottingham, England, April 1.—Johnny Reiff, the American jockey, has scored another success. He rode Queen Bess today in the race for the Upper-plate Plate, of 100 pounds, and won.

London, April 1.—Sir John Stainer, the noted musical composer, is dead. He wrote many well known pieces of church music, and was associate author of a dictionary of musical terms and of "The Cathedral Prayer Book."

Rome, April 1.—Pope Leo yesterday celebrated Palm Sunday by saying mass and distributing palms. The Pope afterward gave an audience to about 100 foreigners, to whom he expressed his grief over the condition of the church in Latin countries. The Pope's health is excellent.

Berlin, April 1.—The Kaiser, in receiving a deputation from the Prussian Chamber of Lords, said: "I protest against the assertion that my actions are influenced by the occurrence at Bremen. I am in the hands of God and shall always do what I recognize to be my duty." The Kaiser appeared deeply indignant over the assertions which have in effect alleged that the blow inflicted by Weiland had caused him to have mental delusions.

Breclona, Spain, April 1.—About 9,000 persons attended a meeting in the bull ring in this city yesterday, called to denounce the clergy. The speakers demanded the separation of church and state, and the abolition of the religious orders. The crowd in returning from the meeting stoned a Jesuit monastery.

Madrid, April 1.—Disorders continue among the working classes, notwithstanding General Weyer's policy of repression. Five thousand workmen broke out in riot, sacked the agricultural club, and the sugar factory at Santa Maria Catoxi, throwing 2,000 persons out of employment. The authorities have sent for troops to put down the outbreak.

London, April 1.—Fire engines were summoned from all parts of London today to fight a conflagration which destroyed the Sulphur Works and other buildings at Wandsworth. The fire was a most difficult one, owing to the suffocant fumes from the sulphur and the other ingredients in its preparation. One man perished and many firemen and others were nearly overcome by the deadly vapor. For some time the gas works were in danger of destruction.

Berlin, April 1.—The Lokal Anzeiger publishes a St. Petersburg despatch to the effect that an error has been discovered in the Russian government accounts between 1893 and 1898, showing that there is a deficiency of forty four million rubles in the cash in hand.

Murder Attempt to Assassinate the Czar. London, April 1.—A report from Kiel is to the effect that another attempt has been made to assassinate the Czar. An officer of the Household is credited with the attempt. He shot at the Czar but missed him, then killed himself to avert the result of his act.

Berlin, April 1.—A letter from St. Petersburg states that the Czar is in his usual health and giving attention to state affairs in the ordinary way. He is reported to have been impressed by Count Tolstoy's appeal in behalf of the disenterers and it is hoped that the persecution of the latter will be much lessened.

Riot Over the Sunday Question. London, April 1.—A number of fishermen from Suffolk attempted yesterday to land a catch of fish at St. Ives, Cornwall. The Cornishmen are strict observers of the Sabbath and they will neither work themselves nor permit others to work on that day. They forcibly landed their fish and defied the local constabulary when the latter interfered to protect the Suffolk people. There was a good deal of fighting, without any serious injury to the combatants, but a renewal is feared of the riots between the Suffolk and Cornishmen over the Sunday question.

From South Africa. Vryheid, April 1.—General French has again advanced in an easterly direction, the Boers retiring before him after a skirmish in which the British lost one killed and one wounded, and the Boers lost four killed and several wounded.

Pretoria, April 1.—A Boer prisoner taken on March 29 and brought to Standerton in the southeastern Transvaal, states, according to a dispatch from that place, that Gen. Louis Botha had gone to Vrede to consult with Gen. De Wet.

Favored Sunday Closing. Buffalo, N. Y., April 1.—Advocates of a closed Sunday exposition numbering 700, assembled in mass meeting yesterday afternoon to adopt resolutions protesting against opening the gates on the first day of the week. The W. C. T. U. submitted petitions from half a million men and women from different parts of the country, asking for Sunday closing. However, the general inclination is for an open Sunday at the Pan-American, and 15,000 people paid a quarter each yesterday to look at the buildings now rapidly nearing completion.

Strike of Freight Handlers. Buffalo, N. Y., April 1.—About 600 teamsters affiliated with the team drivers, went on strike this morning. About 500 freight cars are landed here daily and it will be a short time before side tracks and yards are congested. The demands of the men are for higher wages, \$1 a week, additional. Many of the firms have refused to comply, hence the tie up.

Fainted on the Stand. Trenton, N. J., April 1.—Mrs. Edwin H. Garvin, wife of a Trenton rubber manufacturer, who is being sued for a divorce, fainted on the witness stand in the court of chancery today while giving her testimony. She told how her husband had struck and beaten her and pulled her hair and used most vile and threatening language to her. Both the husband and wife are prominent in Trenton, New York, and Washington society. They are both from Virginia.

The Big Steel Trust.

Trenton, N. J., April 1.—The much talked of Morgan steel trust, which was several weeks ago incorporated in this city with a charter name of the United States Steel Corporation and a capital of \$3,000,000, today amended its charter by increasing its capital stock to \$1,100,000,000. The State received a fee of \$250,000. The extra hundred million, it is believed, will be used to purchase the stock of the American Bridge Company of which the old New Jersey Steel and Iron plant in this city is a part. Of the stock, \$550,000,000 is preferred and the remainder common. The former bears 7 per cent. cumulative dividend.

The Markets. Georgetown, April 1.—Wheat 73477.

St. Louis Commission Named.—The following appointments by the President were announced late Saturday afternoon.

To be delegates to the international conference of American States: Cyrus Northrop, of Minnesota; Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia; William I. Buchanan, of Iowa; Charles M. Pepper, of the District of Columbia; Volney W. Foster, of Illinois.

To be members of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition commission: John M. Thurston, of Nebraska; Thomas H. Carter, of Montana; William Lindsey, of Kentucky; George W. McBride, of Oregon; Frederick A. Betts, of Connecticut; John M. Allen, of Mississippi; Martin H. Glynn, of New York; John F. Miller, of Indiana; Philip D. Scott, of Arkansas.

GEN. LEE ON CUBA.—Gen. Fitzgugh Lee has given expression to his views with regard to the future of Cuba. The occasion was the banquet given in his honor at the Omaha Club, in Omaha, Neb., on Saturday evening. He closed his speech as follows: "Cuba's future will be determined by Cuba's statesmanship. Should the collective Cuban wisdom be sufficient to keep the craft afloat on the waters of prosperity and establish a stable government strong enough to protect life and property and give confidence to capital, there will be no disposition on the part of the United States to interfere; but if the government problem cannot be solved after a fair trial by the Cubans, the future destiny of the island of Cuba will be forever confided to the care of the great American Republic."

FUNSTON A BRIGADIER.—The following important army appointments were announced at the White House on Saturday night:

To be major-general United States army, Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton, vice Miles, promoted lieutenant-general.

To be brigadier-general in the United States army, Brigadier-General Frederick Funston, United States Volunteers, vice Wheaton, promoted; Colonel Jacob H. Smith, 17th U. S. Infantry, Brigadier-General Volunteers, vice Dagwell, retired.

The announcement of these appointments was made after a conference of the President, Secretary Root, and Adjutant-General Corbin.

OVER A PRECIPICE.—At Cold Spring, N. Y., Mrs. Daniel Patterson and her 12-year-old daughter Jennie and Mary Chase, aged 14 years, fell from Table Rock, a distance of 100 feet. The mother was killed, her daughter badly hurt while the other girl escaped injury. While they were watching forest fires Jennie walked too close to the edge of the rock and tumbled headlong into space. The mother uttered a piercing scream and dashed forward to catch her, but before she could restrain herself, she, too, followed her little girl over the edge of rock. Mary Chase yelled with excitement, and while peering over the precipice, she too fell.

Mary Brown, colored, was beaten to death yesterday in Washington by Charles Williams, a negro, about 30 years of age. Why was the cause of the tragedy.

If troubled by a weak digestion, loss of appetite, or constipation, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box warranted. For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

Dr. Bull's Celebrated Pills cure many ills. One pill a dose. For Biliousness, Constipation, Liver Troubles, Bilelessness, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood and Poor Blood, Female Complaints, Stomach and Bowel Disorders, Dr. Bull's Pills never fail. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

Their promptness and their pleasant effects make Dr. Bull's Little Early Eaters most popular little pills wherever they are known. They are simply perfect for liver and bowel troubles.

ONLY MALE CHOIRS.—A great change is about to be made in the Roman Catholic churches of the United States. The operatic music, so long in vogue, and which has always proved so particular a drawing card for non-Catholics, is to be abolished, and the simple Gregorian chant more generally substituted, together with the old-fashioned choral music of the earlier church. Furthermore, it is reported that women are to be excluded from the choirs of the churches of America, as they are from the churches of Italy, France, Spain, and Germany.

Dr. William F. Luckett, who had lived in Washington since 1855, died on Saturday, in the sixty-third year of his age. Dr. Luckett had for some time suffered from heart disease. Dr. Luckett was born at Middleburg, Loudoun county.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. W. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box.

Salvation Oil. The best liniment. Regular bottle, 15c. Large bottle, 25c. Greatest cure on earth for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bruiases, Sprains, Backache, Stiffness, Cuts, Bruises, Wounds, Swellings, Burns and Frost Bites. Salvation Oil kills all pain. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

Counterfeits of Dr. Will's Hazel Salve are liable to cause blood poisoning. Leave them alone. The original has the name of Dr. Will's upon the box and wrapper. It is a harmless and healing salve for skin diseases. Unequalled for piles.

SCOURING SOAP.—Six boxes of the Kitchen Soap for cleaning wood, metal and glass, 5c a large cake, just received by J. C. MILLBURN.

SOMETHING NEW IN DINNERS. Sets, pretty and cheap. THE E. J. MILLER CO.

NEW PICKLES.—Sweet mixed, sour mixed, and chow chow, just received. For sale by gallon or pint. J. C. MILLBURN.

FINE WINTER-CURED HAMS.—Cox & Gordon's Winter-cured Hams, small sizes, just received by J. C. MILLBURN.

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

NOTION SPECIALS.

All- silk garter Lengths; any color, each..... 60
Tuck Combs in black and blonde, each..... 50
4-4 and 6-4 Mohair Tubular Shoe Laces, dozen..... 16
Genuine Rubber Combs, two styles, each..... 10
Dexter's white Knitting Cotton; any